

Revision

1 Write the question for the underlined part of the sentence.

- Yes, they have already seen that film.
- Yes, I have been to Hollywood but I've never been to San Francisco.
- No, she has never made her own clothes.
- He learned about fashion design in Milan.
- No, they haven't released an album yet.
- He has bought a new pair of jeans.
- She has been a fashion designer for ten years.
- No, I have never seen a horror movie.

2 Write one word in each space.

- A Where is Olivia? Has she arrived yet?
B Yes, she has arrived. She arrived before you!
- A Is Jackson here?
B No, he has to the concert.
- A they been to the park yet?
B No, they are going after lunch.
- A How many tops your sister bought?
B Three!
- A Have you met Lenny Henry?
B No, I've never met him.
- A you read the newspaper last night?
B No. Newspapers are boring.
- A How long have you had those jeans?
B two months.
- A Have they sold a million copies ?
B Yes! They have sold two million!

3 Choose the correct alternative.

- He wears a suit and *tie / nose stud* because he works in a bank.
- She wore a hat and *scarf / sleeveless top* because it was cold outside.
- Have you seen my new high-heeled *sweater / boots*?
- I've lost one of my *necklace / earrings*. Can you help me find it?
- He loves science *comedy / fiction films* but I don't.
- They *formed / recorded* a band 20 years ago.
- Who *headlined / released* at the music festival last year?
- They have sold a million *demo tapes / copies* of that song.

4 Match the sentence halves.

- She has bought a trendy T-shirt in an eye-
- He didn't dress up. The invitation said 'smart-
- Did they form a
- David Beckham is famous for
- We love watching sitcoms because
- He loves listening to rap and hip
- How many downloads
- These trousers are too big for me. I need a

- A belt.
B hop music.
C casual' so he didn't wear a suit.
D they are funny.
E catching purple.
F his excellent dress sense. He is very stylish.
G has that band sold?
H group in the 1990s?

5 Translate the mini-dialogues into English.

- A Hai visto *Independence Day*?
B Sì, l'ho visto lo scorso fine settimana. Gli effetti speciali erano grandiosi.
- A Perché hai comprato un abito senza maniche?
B Ho bisogno di qualche vestito nuovo per le mie vacanze in Spagna.
- A Come sto? Mi sento fuori moda con questo.
B Stai benissimo con quel colore!
- A Che cosa hai fatto?
B Sono stata a un'incredibile sfilata di moda.
- A Il rosso non è il colore più adatto a te. Questa giacca non va bene per te.
B Davvero? Il rosa mi dona? Come sto adesso?
- A Pensi che io sia ridicola con i sandali con il tacco alto?
B Penso che ti donino. Hai stile.
- A Suono la batteria e la chitarra elettrica in un gruppo. E tu?
B Non ho mai imparato a suonare uno strumento, ma adoro ascoltare musica.
- A Lo spettacolo è stato davvero brutto. È stato lo spettacolo più noioso del mondo.
B Dai! È un po' eccessivo!

1 Complete the sentences with the words below.

can't stand • each other • ethnic • heritage •
live together • relatives • separated • street

- 1 My older brother and his wife are still very fond of but they have decided they can't live together.
- 2 I my sister's boyfriend, he's so rude to everyone, including her. I hope they split up soon!
- 3 In Italy there's such a rich cultural passed down through generations.
- 4 Don't you think it is a good idea to before getting married, to see how you get on?
- 5 Most of my speak some Italian as our family originally come from Sicily.
- 6 They on good terms after 26 years cohabiting and remain close friends.
- 7 People in America come from various backgrounds.
- 8 The Rio Carnival is the most famous party in the world.

2 Choose the correct alternative.

- 1 When we were children, my brother and I used to *fight / fighting* about toys and sweets.
- 2 Mum makes me *help / to help* my sister tidy her room because she leaves her things *anywhere / everywhere*.
- 3 The people *who / what* live in our new neighbourhood come from different parts of the world.
- 4 I'm going to do some research on the community *which / where* I think has the most interesting customs and cultural traditions.
- 5 It's *such / so* horrible at home at the moment. I can't stand my stepsister.
- 6 Kari's father *used to leave / left* them a few years ago.
- 7 They've been going out with one *other / another* since the first year.
- 8 I'm sorry to hear about your parents, Lisa. Did they *used to argue / use to argue* a lot? Mine did.

3 Match the sentence halves.

- 1 Hello, I'm calling because
- 2 The US is a melting pot, a place
- 3 My mother got legal status which
- 4 My family emigrated
- 5 Would you like to go out
- 6 Hal and Mila were forced
- 7 I didn't use to
- 8 My stepsister expects me

- A to leave their homeland as refugees.
 B somewhere this evening?
 C to share my clothes as well as my bedroom.
 D have any brothers or sisters but now I have an adorable half-brother.
 E from Europe during the war.
 F meant she was able to get a better paid job.
 G where people originate from all over the world.
 H I need to speak to someone about the street party.

4 Translate the sentences into English.

- 1 Sono rimasto da papà lo scorso fine settimana e c'è stato un festival da qualche parte nelle vicinanze, perché ho visto molte persone in costume.
- 2 I miei nonni vivevano lontano, ma quando il nonno è morto mia nonna si è trasferita alla porta accanto.
- 3 Dobbiamo sostenere Maria in questo momento. Mi ha detto che i suoi genitori hanno deciso di vivere separati, il che è stato uno shock.
- 4 La parata è stata così divertente! Così tante persone hanno contribuito a creare un'atmosfera di festa.
- 5 Claire mi ha convinta ad andare al carnevale e il cibo era così buono che voglio andarci di nuovo l'anno prossimo.
- 6 Non c'è nessuno nel nostro palazzo che è nato in questa città.
- 7 Grazie dell'invito che ci hai inviato. Ci piacerebbe molto venire.
- 8 Pronto, è la signora Bennett? Sono John, un amico di Paul. Chiamo perché ho bisogno di parlare con suo figlio.

Revision

1 Choose the correct alternative.

ELLA I ordered ¹ *an e-reader / a screen* two weeks ago but it hasn't arrived yet and all those books are too heavy. I'll have to go on the website later and ² *connect / complain*.

JESS Yeah! Listen, where do they keep all the ³ *digital devices / mobile networks*? They've moved everything around in here. They used to be behind the TVs. Why do shops do that?

ELLA No idea. Ah look, they're over there. Hm. There's a very long ⁴ *app / voicemail* on my phone but I can't recognise the number.

JESS Er, what? Sorry, I was reading this blog. Isn't it great how satellite technology helps us keep in ⁵ *line / touch* with each other? How did people use to communicate?

ELLA I can't imagine.

2 Complete the mini-dialogues with the words below.

aching • breathe • hospital • headache • patients • risks • backache

- 1 A Standing for so long is giving me a
- B You need to sit down.
- 2 A Is he unconscious?
- B Yes. We must check he can properly.
- 3 A Fortunately, I didn't cut my arm badly.
- B Well you do take when you sculpt stone, don't you?
- 4 A He's got a terrible
- B I'm not surprised after spending so many hours on the computer.
- 5 A They had rugby training for the first time this season yesterday evening.
- B I expect their muscles are today!
- 6 A Do have to take an appointment in a private clinic?
- B No, we have a specialist in this who works here.

3 Complete the replies with the Present perfect simple or Present perfect continuous.

- 1 A Why are you so red in the face?
- B I I nearly missed the bus. (run)
- 2 A What seems to be the trouble?
- B My son it yesterday and when he swipes the screen it doesn't move the pages. (drop)

3 A I told you no devices until you your room! (tidy)

B But I've done it, look!

4 A Why isn't that tablet in its protective cover?

B Sally just it. (clean)

4 Match the sentence halves.

1 I'm afraid I can't give you

2 You don't have to go to school today,

3 You mustn't go to work,

4 I haven't finished

5 To select an application,

6 It makes me

A you've got flu!

B it's Saturday.

C feel terrible.

D reading that e-book yet.

E your vaccination today.

F tap on the icon.

5 Translate into English.

1 Scrolla verso il basso, finché vedrai il link al sito della scuola.

2 Era solo la seconda volta che ascoltavo quella canzone sul mio MP3 ma ricordavo le parole.

3 A Dove sei stato? Ti ho aspettato una vita.

B Scusa, sono in ritardo.

4 Ho scaricato un'applicazione antivirus per il mio smartphone.

5 C'è qualcosa che non va con il mio tablet. Puoi controllare il segnale wi-fi?

6 **PAZIENTE** Ho mal di stomaco e non va via.

DOTTORE Ha mangiato in modo appropriato?

PAZIENTE Non ho voglia di mangiare. Mia madre mi ha costretto a mangiare della zuppa ieri sera, ma mi ha fatto sentire peggio.

DOTTORE Ha la nausea?

PAZIENTE Un po'.

DOTTORE Dovrebbe prendere questa medicina per tre giorni e andare a casa, a letto, per il resto della giornata.

7 **PAPÀ** Tom è caduto dalle scale e si è fatto male a una gamba.

MAMMA Lucy ha lasciato la macchinina sul pavimento!

PAPÀ Ho detto a Lucy di non giocare lì.

MAMMA Deve imparare a fare quello che le diciamo!

SUMMING UP

18 Completa le frasi con la forma affermativa o negativa del *Present perfect* dei verbi dati.

do • listen • prepare • read • study • write

- 1 Mark already
the irregular verbs.
- 2 Peter and Clare the maths
exercises yet.
- 3 Sue already
her composition.
- 4 Stewart his presentation yet.
- 5 Thelma and John already
..... a short story.
- 6 Mary to the new album yet.

19 Scrivi una frase adatta per ogni situazione usando il *Present perfect*.

- 1 Anne's in love. (meet the man of her dreams)
She has met the man of her dreams.
- 2 Clare wants to move to Los Angeles. (make a big
decision)
- 3 Peter's parents don't know his new girlfriend.
(never meet her)
- 4 Steve doesn't have any money. (spend all his
money on a new car)
- 5 Ben and Greta are rich now. (win a lot of money
on a TV quiz)
- 6 Jonathan's very tired tonight. (work hard)
- 7 I can't study English. (leave my book at school)

20 Scrivi frasi usando i suggerimenti dati e il *Present perfect*.

- 1 Betty / just / call / me *Betty's just called me.*
- 2 you / buy / the concert tickets / yet ?
- 3 I / never / be / to the theatre
- 4 your friends / arrive / yet ?
- 5 Naomi / book / the table at the restaurant /
already
- 6 I / not see / the latest Bond movie / yet
- 7 You / ever / meet / someone famous ?
- 8 We / have / lunch / already
- 9 Francesca / leave / for school / just

21 Scrivi almeno tre frasi in cui indichi:

- tre cose che hai appena fatto
.....
- tre cose che hai già fatto oggi
.....
- tre cose che non hai ancora fatto oggi.
.....

22 Completa le frasi con le parole date.

news • metal • music • record • series • bands • screen

- 1 She's a big star of the She's
acted in a lot of films.
- 2 I always watch the I think it's
important to keep up with current events.
- 3 *NCIS* is a popular American TV
- 4 I love rock music, but I don't like
It's too heavy and aggressive.
- 5 In the past musicians depended on
companies, but now they can promote and sell
their directly to their audience.
- 6 I like like Coldplay and Arctic
Monkeys.

23 Completa il dialogo con la parola corretta.

- WILL** Hello. Aren't you Peter? Sarah's cousin?
PETER Yes that's ¹..... And you are ...?
WILL I'm Will, Sarah and I are in the same class.
PETER So what have you been ²..... to?
WILL Let's see. I went to see a great documentary
film about the famous photographer
Sebastião Salgado last night!
PETER ³..... I don't like documentaries.
They're usually so boring!
WILL I love them and Sarah loves them too.
⁴..... 's right, isn't it?
PETER Yes, that's right. She's very keen on
documentaries and on photography.
⁵..... did you think about it?
PETER I think it's the best film I've ever seen!
WILL That ⁶..... cool! I really have to see it.

Translation

24 Traduci in inglese.

- 1 **A** Dove è andata Carla?
B È andata fuori con i suoi amici e rientrerà tardi.
- 2 **A** Sei mai stato in Spagna?
B No, non ci sono mai stato, ma mi piacerebbe andarci.
- 3 Internet ha reso la musica molto più accessibile.
- 4 **A** Lauren è già uscita.
B Lo so. Mi ha appena chiamato.
- 5 **A** Hai già risposto all'email di Peter?
B No, non ho ancora avuto tempo. Sono stato molto indaffarato.
- 6 Mio fratello ama la musica jazz. Suona il sassofono in un gruppo.

Dictation

25 233 Ascolta e scrivi.

SUMMING UP

17 Scrivi frasi con i suggerimenti dati e il *Present perfect*, con *for* o *since*.

- 1 Ben / play / football / six years
.....
- 2 I / not see / Mary / last month
.....
- 3 Jason / live / same city / all his life
.....
- 4 I / attend / this school / six months
.....
- 5 The band / play / together / 2007
.....
- 6 My little sister / be / ill / a week
.....

18 Leggi le informazioni su Mark e completa il testo.



Born	Toronto, 1990
Moved to Montreal	2000
Arts College	2006 - 2009
Photographer with <i>Vogue</i>	2010 - 2013
Freelance Photographer	2015
Member of the National Photographic Association	2016

Mark was born in Toronto, Canada, in 1990. He ¹..... there ²..... ten years. He ³..... to Montreal in 2000. He studied photography at Montreal Arts College ⁴..... three years. In 2010 he ⁵..... a photographer for *Vogue*: he worked there ⁶..... three years and then he decided to go freelance. He ⁷..... a freelance photographer ⁸..... 2015. He has been a member of the National Photographic Association ⁹..... 2016.

19 Completa i due dialoghi con le informazioni date nella tabella e i verbi dati tra parentesi.

	Europe	Outside Europe	When
Mrs Burton	Germany	X	2014
Mr Patel	X	India	2016
Mr Clarkson	Greece	X	2015

INTERVIEWER Mrs Burton, ¹..... you ever (be) on a holiday in a European country?

MRS BURTON Yes, I ²..... (have), I ³..... (go) to Germany in 2014.

INTERVIEWER How ⁴..... you (travel) there?

MRS BURTON I ⁵..... (drive).

INTERVIEWER And ⁶..... you ever (visit) a country outside Europe?

MRS BURTON ⁷..... (have).

INTERVIEWER Mr Patel, ⁸..... you ever (have) a holiday in a European country?

MR PATEL ⁹..... (have).

INTERVIEWER And ¹⁰..... you ever (travel) outside Europe?

MR PATEL ¹¹..... (have).

INTERVIEWER When ¹²..... you (go)?

MR PATEL I ¹³..... (fly) to India in 2016.

20 Scrivi ora l'intervista a Mr Clarkson seguendo le informazioni e i modelli dell'Esercizio 19.

21 Scrivi la parola corrispondente alla definizione.

- 1 A piece of jewellery that you wear on your finger.
.....
- 2 These are like shoes, but they come up over the bottom part of your legs.
.....
- 3 A flexible piece of jewellery that women wear around their wrists.
.....
- 4 You wear it around your neck to keep warm.
.....
- 5 Large rings that are not flexible and which women wear around their wrists.
.....
- 6 You wear them on your feet to do sport.
.....

22 Completa le frasi con il Past simple o il Present perfect dei verbi dati.

not finish • study • make •
go • hate • wear • see • hear

- I to see a fashion school last week, it was wonderful.
- You' never that beautiful blue dress?
- Greta to be a fashion designer at college.
- you ever of smart jeans?
- Penny so many of her own clothes, she has a wardrobe full of them!
- your friends ever a fashion show?
- I practical clothes as a child.
- Nathan his design for fashion class, he is really late!

23 Correggi l'errore in ogni frase.

- I meet Liz when I was 10 years old.
- Mandy has been my best friend for high school.
- I spoken to Patrick on the phone yesterday.
- It's cold outside, put a suit around your neck.
- How long have you live in Turin?
- I bought some really nice black, leather boats last Saturday.
- I've worked here since 10 years.
- Is she wearing an armless dress?

24 Completa il dialogo con le parole date.

belt • casual • dress • elegant •
jeans • necklaces • nose stud • watch

SA = Shop Assistant C = Customer

- SA Good morning, may I help you?
C Yes, last week I bought some clothes but the sizes are all wrong. Can I exchange them?
SA Certainly, what did you buy?
C I bought a pair of blue ¹..... for my boyfriend that are too small.
SA Ok, here is the bigger size. Anything else?
C I got him a brown, leather ²..... as well, but he would prefer a black one, he thinks black is much more ³..... so he can wear it with a suit too.
SA Here you go. Did you get anything for yourself?
C Yes, a long, floral ⁴....., it was rather ⁵....., great for summer, I love it!
SA That's good to hear. Would you like to take a look at anything else? We have jewellery too.

- C I just had my nose pierced yesterday but you probably don't have any ⁶..... do you?
SA No, I'm sorry, we don't. We have a very nice collection of ⁷..... for women, or perhaps your boyfriend would be interested in a ⁸.....?
C No, that's fine. Thank you for your help.
SA Thank you, have a nice day.

25 Riordina le battute del dialogo.

- Hmm. No... it's not quite right. Black's not the best colour for you. I think red's better on you. How about this one?
 I know. But I'll have to wear one this time! Do you think I'll look silly in a dress?
 I've never seen you in a dress!
 Mum says I can't wear jeans to my brother's wedding! She says I'll have to wear a dress!
 No, of course not! You'll look fantastic! Let's look at these. Why don't you try on this one? It's really cool.
 Oh, you look great! It really suits you!
 Ok. What do you think? Does this suit me?
 Right. So how do I look?

Translation

26 Traduci in inglese.

- A Da quanto tempo tua sorella abita a Londra?
B Si è trasferita in gennaio quindi vive a Londra da sei mesi.
- Mia sorella ha lavorato in un negozio per dieci anni, ma ha sempre amato cucinare, così due anni fa ha aperto un ristorante. Il suo ristorante è diventato molto famoso.
- A Sei mai stato in Francia?
B Sì, sono stato a Parigi quattro anni fa con la mia famiglia.
- Hai visto i miei orecchini? Li ho messi su quel tavolo ieri sera ma non ci sono più.
- Mio padre è andato in pensione due anni fa. Da tre mesi lavora per un'organizzazione benefica.
- A Da quanto tempo hai questa giacca?
B Da sei anni. Pensi che mi stia bene?
- A Mi puoi aiutare? Non so cosa mettermi per la festa di Jonathan.
B Perché non ti metti i pantaloni neri? Ti stanno veramente bene.
- A Da quanto tempo conosci Lisa?
B Siamo amiche da quando eravamo piccole.

Dictation

- 27  236 Ascolta e scrivi.

SUMMING UP**18 Scegli l'alternativa corretta.**

I think I'm very lucky with my sister Emma. I've got friends who ¹ *don't get on with / are very close to / know* their brothers and sisters, I think that's sad. Of course sometimes we argue, that's normal!

But we're really pretty close to ² *one / the others / each other*.

As children we ³ *didn't use to / used to / use to* play a lot in our garden and we loved that! We really enjoyed ⁴ *playing / to play / play* on our bikes.

Emma is really good at science so sometimes I ask her ⁵ *helping / to help / help me*, and she's very kind.

And I offer ⁶ *doing / to do / do* her French homework for her.

19 Completa la frase in modo che abbia un significato simile a quella originale.

- We always watched films on TV on Saturday evenings.
We used
- He didn't bring his English book today.
He forgot
- She is sure she saw Julie at the bus stop.
She remembers
- Kate likes Colin and Colin likes Kate.
Kate and Colin
- Can you find my mobile for me?
Dad asked the children
- Sally and Ursula are very good friends.
Sally and Ursula get

20 Completa le domande per queste risposte.

- We used to go on holiday to the seaside.
Did ?
- They didn't use to live here.
Did ?
- He started running fast.
Why ?
- He offered to help Ian.
Who ?
- They don't know each other.
Do ?
- My parents are fond of my cousin.
Who ?
- Yes, I do want to meet Jemima.
Do ?
- Roger stopped playing football because he broke his foot.
Why ?

21 Completa il dialogo con la parola corretta.

- JIM** Hi, is ¹ Holly?
HOLLY Yes, speaking. Hi Jim. How are you?
JIM Great thanks! Listen, is Gary at home?
HOLLY Sorry, he's out. Do you want to ² a message?
JIM Yes, thanks. Can you ³ him I called?
HOLLY Sure, do you want him to call you ⁴?
JIM Yes, could you ⁵ him to call me this evening? I forgot ⁶ tell him something today.
HOLLY Sure, Jim. Bye then!
JIM Bye bye!

Translation**22 Traduci in inglese.**

- Da bambini giocavamo in giardino. Ci piaceva molto giocare a calcio. Infatti spero di diventare un giocatore di calcio.
- In passato la mia famiglia non viaggiava. Andavamo in vacanza a casa dei miei nonni. Avevamo un ottimo rapporto con i nostri nonni.
- Daniel e Terry non vanno d'accordo tra di loro, a volte non si parlano, ed è un problema per me, perché io voglio loro bene.
- Sono molto amica con la mia matrigna. È gentile, non mi fa aiutare in casa e non si aspetta che io lavi i piatti.
- Vado molto d'accordo con la mamma del mio nuovo fidanzato, ma conosco suo papà solo di vista.
- Non sopporto quel prof! Mi obbliga a fare tanti compiti ogni giorno.
- Stavano camminando in città e si sono fermati a guardare un negozio. Volevano che i loro genitori comprassero un nuovo televisore.
- Prometto di chiamarti stasera. Non dimenticarti di accendere il tuo cellulare.
- Non portavo il nostro cane Spot a fare le passeggiate. Giocavo a frisbee con lui in spiaggia.
- Ricordati di avvertire la mamma quando arrivi alla festa, si preoccupa per te quando guidi.

Dictation

- 23**  **239** Ascolta e scrivi.

SUMMING UP**18 Colloca ogni frase in un gruppo. Poi aggiungi un'altra frase a tua scelta in ogni gruppo.**

- 1 I'd love to, but I'm busy that day.
- 2 Is four o'clock a good time for you?
- 3 Would you like to come to the cinema?
- 4 Why don't you just tell him to come?
- 5 I'm sure you'll love it!
- 6 How about next weekend?
- 7 Ok, thanks for the invitation.

inviting:

accepting:

declining:

persuading:

giving details:

19 Completa il dialogo con la parola corretta.

TERESA Hi, Sean, how are you?

SEAN I'm great Teresa, it's ¹ a lovely day today!

TERESA Yeah, why don't we go to the park?

SEAN That ² great! We can find ³ to sit with a drink and have a chat.

TERESA Would you like to try the new café in the park? The one ⁴ opened last weekend? They have tables outside.

SEAN Oh yeah, all my friends love it, ⁵ says it's really nice.

TERESA It's ⁶ a popular place I hope there's a free table!

SEAN Let's go early, is 12.30 pm a good ⁷ for you?

TERESA Yes, 12.30 pm is ⁸ , great ideal!

20 Correggi l'errore in ogni frase.

- 1 I'd like to meet someone which comes from South America.
- 2 What a horrible place, there's everywhere nice to have a coffee.
- 3 This is so an interesting book that I read it in two days.
- 4 I'd love to come, that listens really fun.
- 5 Tamara is having a party for her fifteenth bank holiday.
- 6 Every country has its own particular custom heritage.
- 7 I'm sorry, I can't come, I'm really bored that day.
- 8 I love going to parades, it's so romantic to see two people getting married.
- 9 I was born here so I'm a melting pot.
- 10 My neighbour is such rude, he never greets me.

Translation**21 Traduci in inglese.**

- 1 Ho un'amica la cui mamma parla spagnolo perché è nata in Argentina. La vorresti incontrare?
- 2 Vorrei visitare un paese che è molto caldo d'estate. Questo è un paese talmente freddo!
- 3 Non riesco a trovare Dan da nessuna parte. E nessuno sa dov'è.
- 4 Perché non invitiamo tutti coloro che conoscono Maria alla sua festa di compleanno a sorpresa? Possiamo chiedere a ognuno di loro di portare qualcosa da mangiare o bere.
- 5 Il concerto sembra molto bello. Grazie di avermi invitato! Possiamo andare insieme.
- 6 Domani è festa e nessuno lavora. Vorresti venire a casa mia per una pizza? Le sette andrebbero bene per te?
- 7 Era talmente stanco che è andato a letto subito. Fa un lavoro talmente difficile.
- 8 C'era una folla talmente grande al carnevale, che non abbiamo visto nulla. Ma abbiamo sentito tutto.

Dictation**22**  **242** Ascolta e scrivi.

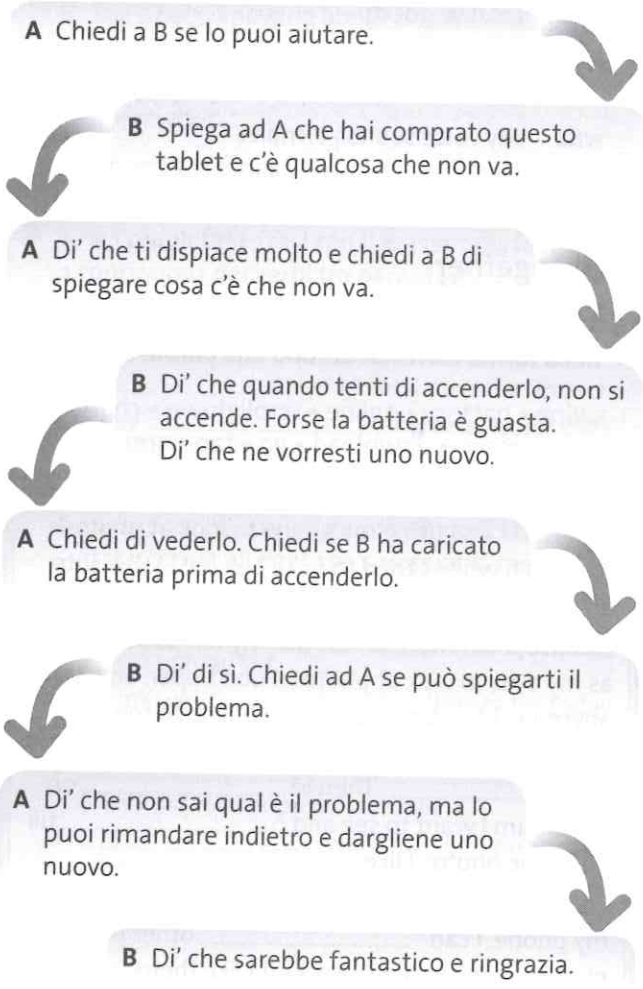
Making complaints

16 ★ ★ Abbina le frasi (1-6) con le funzioni corrispondenti (A-F).

- 1 Can you explain it to me?
- 2 I'd like to change it for a new one.
- 3 There's something wrong with it.
- 4 Let me show you.
- 5 I do apologise.
- 6 We can send it back.

- A spiegare un problema
- B offrire una soluzione
- C chiedere una spiegazione
- D chiedere scusa
- E chiedere una soluzione
- F offrire una spiegazione

17 ★ ★ ★ Scrivi il dialogo seguendo le indicazioni.



SUMMING UP

18 Scegli l'alternativa corretta.

- 1 I'm really tired, I've *worked* / *been working* in my room all day!
- 2 You look really happy, what have you *done* / *been doing*?
- 3 I've *had* / I've *been having* three different smartphones and this is definitely the best one.
- 4 How does this app work? I haven't *seen* / *been seeing* it before.
- 5 Where have you been? I've *tried* / *been trying* to call you all day!
- 6 I think you've *played* / *been playing* too many videogames recently.

19 Completa il testo con i verbi tra parentesi alla forma corretta.



Faster and faster: that seems to describe technological progress at the moment. We ¹ (create) new technology in the past ten years that people dreamed about twenty years ago. We ² (not/invent) instant transportation yet, but we can communicate with the world via screens all the time. Scientists ³ (work) recently on the virtual world, a new frontier. ⁴ (you/ever/want) to visit the Taj Mahal in India or Ayers Rock in Australia? Now you can, virtually, without moving a step. Of course some people say that recently technology ⁵ (get) out of control, and we risk giving it to the wrong people. The question they ask is: ⁶ (you/think) about what the wrong people can do with this technology?

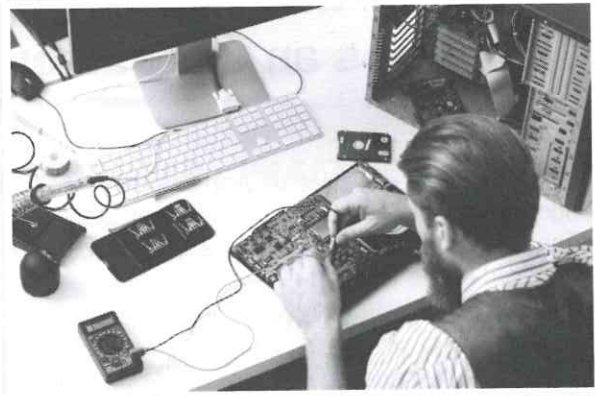
20 Completa il dialogo con le parole date.

tap • smartphones • connect • back •
devices • tried • scroll • password

- SHOP ASSISTANT** Hello, can I help you?
- CUSTOMER** Yes, I bought this smartphone two days ago but it doesn't work. I can't
1 to the Internet.
- SHOP ASSISTANT** Oh dear, let me see. Have you
2 putting in your
wi-fi 3 at home?
- CUSTOMER** Oh no, I forgot about that. So what
do I do?
- SHOP ASSISTANT** OK, 4 on settings,
it's this icon on the screen. Then
5 down until you
get to 'Internet connection' and tap
that to open it.
- CUSTOMER** Oh, I see, and then I write in the
password in that space.
- SHOP ASSISTANT** That's right. Have you tried with
any mobile 6 at
home?
- CUSTOMER** Well yes, my children's 7
are all connected, so it should work.
- SHOP ASSISTANT** OK. Of course if there are any other
problems, bring it 8
and we'll try to solve the problem
for you.

21 Completa la frase in modo che abbia un significato simile a quella originale.

- I started working on this app four hours ago and I haven't finished.
I on this app.
- He's visited this website too often this week.
He's been this week.
- I still have to finish reading this text.
I haven't yet.
- Just touch the screen lightly with your finger.
Just screen.
- Move to the next part of the text.
..... down to the next part of the text.
- I'm very sorry about the problem.
..... apologise about the problem.

Translation**22** Traduci in inglese.

- Studio informatica da tre anni e mi piace molto.
- Hai mai avuto un problema con il tuo portatile? Funziona sempre?
- Sono ore che provo a connettermi a Internet. Non c'è segnale qui.
- Tocca lo schermo e un'applicazione si apre. Poi devi scorrere in giù per trovare la parte che ti interessa.
- Ho un lettore digitale da due anni, e lo uso spesso. Ho caricato molti libri da leggere sul pullman. È molto leggero. Devo solo ricordarmi di caricare la batteria.
- Posso vedere il tablet signora? Se c'è un problema, possiamo rimandarlo indietro.
- Questa batteria non funziona. Ne vorrei una nuova per favore.
- Da quanto tempo ha dei problemi con questo cellulare?
- Seleziona l'app e si aprirà immediatamente. Se l'app non risponde, significa che devi scaricare l'aggiornamento.
- È da due anni che uso questo tablet, ma adesso voglio comprare la versione nuova che è appena uscita.

Dictation

- 23**  **245** Ascolta e scrivi.

SUMMING UP

18 Completa il dialogo con le parole date.

ankle • broken • painkiller • plaster • should have • mustn't • hurt • painful • need to (x2)

MR SHARP Good morning doctor, I'm afraid I think I've twisted my ¹ ankle. I can't walk, my wife brought me here.

DR BROWN Let me see. Oh dear! That's very swollen (*gonfia*). You ² put a bandage on that. Hmm... Does it ³ if I do this?

MR SHARP Ouch! Very much! It's very ⁴

DR BROWN I'm afraid it might not be sprained. It might be ⁵ So I'm afraid I ⁶ do an X ray to find out. And you absolutely ⁷ walk on it! I'll call for a wheelchair (*sedia a rotelle*) for you.

MR SHARP Can I take a ⁸ while I'm waiting? It really hurts.

DR BROWN I'm terribly sorry, no food or drink for now. Just in case I ⁹ operate. But don't worry, the X ray only takes a few minutes. I'll probably put it in ¹⁰ with no operation. Try to be patient!

19 Scrivi le battute dei mini-dialoghi.

- 1 **A** Di' che hai mal di testa.
B Di' che A dovrebbe prendere un antidolorifico e bere dell'acqua.
- 2 **A** Di' che credi di avere l'appendicite.
B Di' ad A che deve andare al pronto soccorso.
- 3 **A** Racconta di esserti dimenticato di spiegare i sintomi al medico.
B Di' ad A che avrebbe dovuto spiegarglieli.
- 4 **A** Chiedi a B se ha preso un antibiotico.
B Rispondi che non avevi bisogno di prenderne uno.
- 5 **A** Racconta a B che i tuoi genitori sono andati al pronto soccorso per niente.
B Conferma che non avevano bisogno di andare.

20 Completa la frase in modo che abbia un significato simile a quella originale.

- 1 It isn't necessary for you to take a painkiller. You don't have to take a painkiller.
 2 I think it's a good idea to call the doctor. I think you call the doctor.
 3 This medicine was useless, I took it but it wasn't necessary. This medicine was useless, I it.
 4 Sugar is absolutely forbidden in your diet. You sugar.
 5 It isn't necessary for you to stay in bed all day. You in bed all day.
 6 It's necessary for me to do some tests to understand the problem. I do some tests to understand the problem.

21 Scrivi domande per queste risposte.

- LIAM** Doctor, I feel very hot. ¹ Should I take my temperature?
DOCTOR Yes, you should take your temperature.
LIAM It's quite high. ² something?
DOCTOR Yes, you should take some paracetamol.
LIAM ³ ?
DOCTOR No, you don't have to go to the hospital. Stay at home and lie down.
LIAM ⁴ ?
DOCTOR No, you shouldn't have called me earlier. This is a good moment.
LIAM ⁵ ?
DOCTOR Yes, you have to drink as much water as possible.

Translation

22 Traduci in inglese.

- 1 Devo bendare il polso di mio fratello, se l'è slogato. E gli fa molto male.
 2 Se ti senti girare la testa devi sdraiarti. Aspetta quindici minuti e poi dovresti chiamare un medico.
 3 La mia tosse non era bronchite, così non ho dovuto prendere un antibiotico, solo uno sciroppo.
 4 Come ti senti? Hai la febbre? Ti fa male da qualche parte?
 5 Ho molta nausea. Non dovrei mangiare per qualche ora. Forse non dovevo mangiare quel vecchio panino al prosciutto.
 6 Mio papà è volontario su un'ambulanza. A volte deve uscire di notte. Deve sapere come aiutare le persone durante un'emergenza.

Dictation

- 23  248 Ascolta e scrivi.

Revision

GRAMMAR

1 Scegli l'alternativa corretta.

- We use the Present perfect for actions at a *specified / not specified* time in the past.
- We form the Present perfect with the Present simple of *be / have* and the Past participle of the main verb.
- The Past participle *is always regular / can be regular or irregular*.
- We use never with an *affirmative / a negative* verb.
- We put 'yet' *before the main verb / at the end of a sentence or question*.
- We use *for / since* when the situation started.
- We use *for / since* to say how long the situation has been true.
- When we talk about completed actions at a specified time in the past we use the *Present perfect / Past simple*.

2 Scrivi frasi con i suggerimenti dati e il *Present perfect*.

- someone / take / my umbrella ?
- I / not see / Mary / last month
- how long / your parents / be married ?
- you / do / your homework / yet ?
- I / just / have / a big sandwich
- we / already / see / this film

3 Completa i dialoghi con le coppie di avverbio + verbo. Usa i verbi al *Present perfect*.

already / meet • just / leave • never / try •
already / see • ever / meet • yet / leave

- A you a famous footballer?
B No, but I've met a famous singer.
- A Has the bus gone?
B No, it It leaves in five minutes.
- A Has this documentary been on TV before?
B Yes, I
- A Is Barbara in her office?
B Sorry. She
- A Do you know Paul's new girlfriend?
B I
- A I Japanese food.
B Really? It's my favourite food.

4 Completa il dialogo con la forma corretta del *Present perfect* o del *Past simple* dei verbi tra parentesi.

- MUM I want to prepare lunch. ¹ (you / wash) the dishes yet?
- DAISY I ² (wash) them yesterday, but I ³ (not have) the time yet to do today's dishes.
- MUM ⁴ (you / do) your homework?
- DAISY No, I ⁵ (just come) home from school.
- MUM You ⁶ (come) home from school three hours ago!
- DAISY Yes, but Jason ⁷ (call) when I ⁸ (arrive) and I ⁹ (just finish) talking to him.
- MUM ¹⁰ (you / not see) him at school in the morning?
- DAISY Yes, but we ¹¹ (not have) time to talk then.

VOCABULARY

5 Completa il testo con le parole date.

acting • actress • casual • comedies • dresses • elegant • leading • model • programme • trainers

I watched an interesting ¹ about Cameron Diaz last night.
She started her career as a fashion ² at the age of sixteen. At the age of 21, she auditioned for *The Mask*. She had no previous ³ experience, but she got the part. *The Mask* became one of the most successful ⁴ of 1994.
Since then she has played the ⁵ role in a lot of films and has become a very popular ⁶ She's always been interested in fashion.
When she isn't working she wears ⁷ clothes: she loves jeans and ⁸
When she attends a special event she is always very ⁹ : she always wears beautiful evening ¹⁰

FUNCTIONS

6 Scrivi il dialogo seguendo le indicazioni.

A Chiedi a un tuo amico se ha fatto qualcosa di interessante di recente.

B Di' che sei andato al cinema. Hai visto un film di fantascienza. Chiedigli se anche a lui piacciono questi film.

A Rispondi che non ti piacciono molto. In realtà pensi che siano un po' stupidi.

B Di' che al cinema hai incontrato la vostra amica Emma. Aveva un bellissimo aspetto.

A Di' che porta sempre dei vestiti alla moda. Ti piace molto il suo stile.

SUMMING UP 1-10

7 Completa il testo con le parole date e i verbi alla forma corretta.

anything • break • just come • cry • cupboards • everything • floor • happen • arrive • leave • live • must • someone • stand • tidy up • house

Harry and Sarah ¹ in a small ² in London.
 Right now they ³ in their sitting room.
 They ⁴ back from a holiday in the country. They ⁵ five minutes ago.
 'What ⁶?' said Sarah, looking around at the untidy room.
⁷ has been in the house. They have taken ⁸ out of the ⁹ and thrown it on the ¹⁰ They ¹¹ all my beautiful glasses. I think I ¹²
 'Look!' said Harry 'They ¹³ their gloves'.
 'Don't touch ¹⁴', said Sarah.
 'We ¹⁵ call the police now.
 We' ¹⁶ up when the police have left.'

8 Correggi l'errore in ogni frase.

- 1 Have you been to Edinburgh ever?
- 2 I promise I don't tell anyone about your problem.
- 3 I didn't see Susan since Sue's party.
- 4 Beatrice is in her room: she studies French with a school friend.
- 5 It snowed when we woke up this morning.
- 6 Frances works in a school: she is teaching Geography.
- 7 I already finished the translation.
- 8 Bob played football when he fell and broke his leg.

9 Completa la frase in modo che abbia un significato simile a quella originale. Usa la parola in neretto nel riquadro.

- 1 We started working here three years ago. **for**
 We three years.
- 2 I saw Janet a few minutes ago. **just**
 I Janet.
- 3 It isn't necessary for you to work so late. **have**
 You work so late.
- 4 London is bigger than Oxford. **as**
 Oxford London.
- 5 This is the first time I've ever been here. **never**
 I here before.
- 6 He's too old to get the job. **young**
 He to get the job.
- 7 Is this your first visit to New York? **be**
 New York before?

10 Traduci le frasi.

- 1 **A** Hai visto qualche bel film di recente?
B Sono andato al cinema ieri sera. Ho visto una commedia romantica con Jennifer Aniston. È un'attrice molto brava.
- 2 **A** Mi sta bene questo vestito?
B Quella camicia non va bene con quei pantaloni, ma i pantaloni ti stanno molto bene.
- 3 **A** Che cosa fai questa sera?
B Penso che starò a casa. Devo studiare. Domani ho un esame importante.
- 4 **A** Sei mai stato in campeggio?
B No, non ci sono mai stato. Non mi piace dormire in tenda.
- 5 **A** Da quanto tempo conosci Sandra?
B Da cinque anni. Ci siamo incontrati mentre facevamo un corso di lingua a Londra.
- 6 **A** Vieni alla festa di Sam?
B Non posso. Questa sera ceno con i miei. Non li vedo da Natale.

Revision

GRAMMAR

1 Scrivi domande con i suggerimenti dati e la forma corretta di *used to*.

- 1 you / go on holiday to the seaside as a child / ?
- 2 where / you / go to primary school / ?
- 3 your parents / take you to the cinema / ?
- 4 your town / be smaller / ?
- 5 your family / live in a different house / ?
- 6 what / you / watch on TV as a child / ?

2 Completa le frasi con la forma corretta dei verbi tra parentesi.

- 1 I forgot (switch on) the oven so the dinner didn't cook.
- 2 He found his phone because he had a memory flash and remembered (put) it on the table.
- 3 She asked (me/help) her with her maths homework.
- 4 My sister and I really enjoy (walk) in the countryside.
- 5 Sue was late, she made (me/wait) for twenty minutes.
- 6 We were tired so we stopped (have) a cup of coffee.

3 Scegli l'alternativa corretta.

- 1 The house *which / who* Jem stayed in on holiday was *so / such* cold that he wore his jacket inside.
- 2 I know a lady *which / who* has *so / such* a lot of books that she keeps them in the garage.
- 3 We had *so / such* a big box of toys that we decided to give them to the children's playgroup *where / which* is across the road from our house.
- 4 We saw a man today *whose / which* dog was *so / such* big they were almost the same size!
- 5 The park *who / that* I like to sit in is *so / such* pretty that a TV station filmed it today.

4 Completa il dialogo con le parole date.

one another • everyone • anything • anyone • each other

- A Were you at Janet's party last night? I heard
1 had a fantastic time!
- B Yes, I was. Why weren't you? Were you out with
2 interesting?
- A No, I was at my parents' anniversary dinner. They've been married to 3 for twenty years!

B Wow, that's amazing! And do they get on with
4?

A Yeah, pretty well. They never argue about
5 important, just little things.

B You're lucky.

VOCABULARY

5 Scrivi per ogni gruppo le parole che conosci.

- family:
mum dad
- family you acquire when you marry:
mother-in-law
- family you acquire when a parent marries:
stepmum

6 Scegli l'alternativa corretta.

- 1 I *only know Jo and Derek by sight / 'm very close to Jo and Derek* but I'm inviting them to my *public holiday / birthday party* all the same.
- 2 I really don't want to spend time dancing with Brad at the *bank holiday / carnival*, sorry, but I *dislike / have a good relationship* with him.
- 3 I don't understand why Jill and Martin invited Den to their *carnival / wedding*. They hate him, actually they *can't stand / are very fond* of him.
- 4 Let's watch the *birthday / parade* for the start of the festival. My friend's little brother is in it, and I *dislike / 'm very fond* of him, he's such a nice child!

7 Abbina le definizioni (1-6) alle parole (A-F).

- 1 When someone arrives in a country from another, this is
- 2 A lot of varieties of cultures and customs builds
- 3 Something that is a custom for a long time in an area is a
- 4 People who decide to adopt the culture of their new country are
- 5 A place which welcomes immigrants from many countries is a
- 6 If you live in the same country you originally come from you are

- A integrate
B native born
C immigration
D melting pot
E cultural diversity
F tradition

FUNCTIONS

8 Abbina la prima battuta del dialogo (1-6) alla seconda (A-F).

- 1 Hi, is that Lorraine?
- 2 Could I speak to Mike please?
- 3 Could you tell Terry I called?
- 4 Would you like to come to a concert?
- 5 I can meet you outside the station.
- 6 Is Saturday afternoon OK for you?

- A Of course, would you like her to call you back?
- B Yes, it's fine for me thanks.
- C Yes, this is me. Who's speaking?
- D Good idea, then we can go together.
- E Sure, I'll call him for you.
- F I'd love to thanks, that sounds great!

9 Scrivi il dialogo seguendo le indicazioni.

ANDREW Saluta Ursula e presentati.

URSULA Saluta Andrew e chiedigli come sta.

ANDREW Di' che stai bene. Invita Ursula al cinema venerdì sera.

URSULA Di' che ti piacerebbe, ma hai molti compiti.

ANDREW Chiedi perché non li fa di pomeriggio.

URSULA Di' di sì, che è una buona idea. Digli di incontrarsi al cinema alle sette.

SUMMING UP 1-12

10 Completa il testo con le parole date. Usa la forma opportuna dei verbi.

- so • brother • play (x2) • where • form • practise • who • get on well • come • stepsister • such a • each other/one another (x2)

When I first started playing the guitar I wasn't very good. It was ¹ difficult that I almost stopped ² it, but I kept ³ and I improved.

One day my friend Chris asked me ⁴ to his house and listen to him playing.

Then he listened to me. In fact we listened to ⁵ all afternoon and in the end we decided ⁶ a band.

It became a family thing.

My ⁷ Alex plays the drums and Chris's ⁸ Hannah sings – she's got a great voice!

Fortunately our parents all ⁹ too, they drive us to ¹⁰ 's houses all the time.

Two months ago we decided to play a few songs in a concert and we had ¹¹ great time that we decided ¹² in another concert.

The place ¹³ we're having the concert is in the centre of town, the people ¹⁴ own it are really nice!

11 Completa la frase in modo che abbia un significato simile a quella originale.

- 1 I always studied on Saturday mornings but now I prefer the afternoon.
I study on Saturday mornings but now I prefer the afternoon.
- 2 'Take your things upstairs!'
Dad ordered Jake
- 3 Mary writes to Jeff and Jeff writes to Mary.
Mary and Jeff write
- 4 'Students, please finish your homework for tomorrow.'
The teacher wants for tomorrow.

12 Traduci le frasi.

- 1 A Chi è quella signora?
B È la signora che vive accanto a casa mia. Abitava in Sud America. A volte fa talmente freddo qui che non lo sopporta!
- 2 A Andavi a lezioni di danza da piccola?
B Da piccola andavo a lezioni di danza, ma poi ho smesso. Ho cominciato a giocare a pallavolo. Il mio allenatore vuole che giochi anche di sabato.
- 3 A Quelle sono le foto che hai fatto a New York?
B Sì, è una città talmente interessante che ho fotografato tutto! È un vero miscuglio di nazionalità! E tutti sono davvero gentili. Sono andato d'accordo con tutti!
- 4 A Perché non sopporti Ted?
B Non lo sopporto perché è l'unica persona che non aiuta mai nessuno. Io credo che sia importante aiutarci tra di noi, non costa nulla.

Revision

GRAMMAR

1 Abbina le domande (1-4) con le risposte (A-D).

- 1 It's five o'clock! Where have you been?
- 2 You look really tired. What have you been doing?
- 3 What did you do yesterday?
- 4 Does he live with his grandparents in Walden Road?

- A Yes, he's been staying there for years.
- B I've been studying for an IT exam.
- C Sorry I'm late, I've been working all day!
- D We went to a concert.

2 Completa le frasi con la forma corretta dei verbi tra parentesi. Usa il *Present perfect* o il *Present perfect continuous*.

- 1 I started to read this article an hour ago and I (not/finish) yet.
- 2 A (she/meet) Peter?
B Yes, she met him yesterday.
- 3 Bill is an old friend, I (know) him since I was a child.
- 4 We (upload) the photos for an hour, it's taking ages!
- 5 (you/learn) to use this programme? You know it very well!
- 6 I (not/look) in that file yet, perhaps the document is there.

3 Abbina le frasi (1-6) con le frasi equivalenti (A-F).

- 1 It's a good idea for you to see a doctor.
- 2 It's absolutely necessary for you to see a doctor.
- 3 It's necessary to see a doctor to get a prescription.
- 4 It isn't necessary for you to see a doctor.
- 5 It was a good idea for you to see a doctor.
- 6 It wasn't necessary for you to see a doctor.

- A You should see a doctor.
- B You don't have to see a doctor.
- C You must see a doctor.
- D You didn't have to see a doctor.
- E You have to see a doctor.
- F You should have seen a doctor.

VOCABULARY

4 Scegli l'alternativa corretta.

- 1 If you want to turn the page on your *touchscreen / password*, just *press / swipe* with your finger.
- 2 To open this *app / volume* just *push / tap* on the icon.
- 3 The text is quite long so you have to *scroll down / zoom* in to read it all. There are some pictures at the top, *enlarge / scroll up* to see them.
- 4 That's a good picture, can you *zoom in / pinch* to that detail? And can you send it to me so I can *download / reduce* it?
- 5 We've got a good Internet *battery / connection* so if you have any *mobile devices / chargers*, you can use them to check your mail.
- 6 Is anyone *online / uploaded*? I can't find a good *email / signal* here.

5 Indica per ogni parte del corpo uno o più possibili problemi di salute.

- 1 head headache
- 2 teet
- 3 back
- 4 nerve
- 5 wrist/ankle
- 6 leg/arm
- 7 muscle
- 8 skin

FUNCTIONS

6 Scrivi le battute del dialogo con i suggerimenti dati.

- Cathy** Doctor / I / feel / really awful. I / got / temperature and I / ache / everywhere.
Doctor, I feel really awful. I've got a temperature and I ache everywhere.
- DOCTOR** Oh dear. It / sound / like / flu. You / got / paracetamol / at home?
- CATHY** No! I / should / buy / some yesterday.
- DOCTOR** Don't worry. You / ask / your parents / get some.
- CATHY** OK.
- DOCTOR** How long / you / be / feel / like this?
- CATHY** Just / yesterday.
- DOCTOR** I think you / go to bed. But you / worry. It isn't serious.

SUMMING UP 1-14**7 Completa la frase in modo che abbia un significato simile a quella originale.**

- 1 As children we often went to the cinema on Saturdays.
As children we..... go to the cinema on Saturdays.
- 2 Jackie forgot to call her mother.
Jackie didn't..... her mother.
- 3 He's the boy. He helped me with my bike.
He's the boy..... with my bike.
- 4 We looked in every place for information about the Festival.
We looked..... for information about the Festival.
- 5 Do you think it's a good idea for me to take this medicine?
Do you think I..... take this medicine?
- 6 We started working on this project six days ago.
We..... on this project for six days.

8 Correggi l'errore in ogni frase.

- 1 There's anything wrong with it.
.....
- 2 Can you explain it at me please?
.....
- 3 We can send it away.
.....
- 4 Tell me of it!
.....
- 5 You never guess what happened!
.....
- 6 So which happened then?
.....

9 Scegli l'alternativa corretta: A, B o C.

- 1 I live with my mum, her second husband Ron and Ron's son Steven,
A my stepbrother.
B my brother-in-law.
C my half brother.
- 2 When people emigrate they often like to keep some of
A their integration.
B their melting pot.
C their traditions.
- 3 We're not going to school today because it's
A my birthday.
B a bank holiday.
C a wedding.
- 4 My battery's flat, I need
A to change it.
B to keep it.
C to charge it.

10 Traduci le frasi.

- 1 A Marie, per favore ricordati di aiutare Pete a fare i compiti!
B Certo, non mi dimentico mai di aiutare!
- 2 A Penso che Aaron e Tim vadano molto d'accordo l'uno con l'altro.
B Sì, è strano che in passato si odiassero! Adesso sono molto vicini.
- 3 A Ci incontriamo alle otto alla stazione? Poi possiamo andare insieme alla festa.
B Sì, le otto vanno bene per me, grazie!
- 4 A Non capisco questa applicazione. Me la puoi spiegare?
B Certo, lascia che te la mostri. Tocca leggermente l'icona e poi scorri in giù.
- 5 A Puoi dire a Den di richiamarmi più tardi?
B Gli passerò il messaggio.
- 6 A C'è qualcosa che non va con questo cellulare. Ne vorrei uno nuovo.
B Chiedo scusa. Lo possiamo rimandare indietro.
- 7 Halloween è la festa che mi piace di più. È così popolare qui, che tutti stanno fuori fino a tardi. Ci sono dappertutto persone in costume e tutti sono allegri.